1. View attached image for style review.
2. Always remove unused modules from the code to make the page load lighter.
3. When using declarative syntax we should use the native html tag that is closest to the widget we are using. From dojo documentation in [Using Declarative Syntax](http://dojotoolkit.org/documentation/tutorials/1.10/declarative/index.html):
   1. When selecting the tag as a place holder for a Dijit, you should use the native HTML tag that is closest to the widget you are using. In this case dijit/form/Select is a button, so we used the <select> tag. This way your application could degrade better and it avoids some issues in trying to replace the node in certain browsers.
4. Stop using the global namespaces like dojo.\* or dijit.\* in the code and start using the corresponding modules. Example: instead of dijit.byId we’ll require the dijit/registry module and use registry.byId. In the [Modern Dojo](http://dojotoolkit.org/documentation/tutorials/1.10/modern_dojo/index.html#hello-new-world) Documentation explains why.
5. We can combine selectors in a single query, Ex.: query('.confirmation, #imageConfirm')
6. DEPRECATED: dijit.form.Button::setAttribute(attr, value) is deprecated. Use set() instead.
7. Read <http://dojotoolkit.org/reference-guide/1.10/dojo/NodeList-dom.html> This module contains extension to dojo/NodeList to provide capability of manipulating DOM nodes. With this we can avoid the abuse of using forEach function.
8. Whenever possible, use “dojo-attach-point” over registry.byId or over query('#fnamePreview')[0], is simpler, faster and as result we get a cleaner code.
9. If you are going to use query('#fnamePreview')[0], consider using "dojo/dom" and dom.byId function. <http://dojotoolkit.org/reference-guide/1.10/dojo/dom.html>

